



SHUBHRA RANJAN

25, Pusa Road, Karol Bagh, New Delhi 110005.

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☎ 9810212719

Political Science & International Relations

PSIR Mains Test Series - 2024

Test 3

Time Allowed: 3 Hours

Max Marks: 250

Name

DAMANPREET ARORA

Test Date

09.08.2024

Email Address

Instructions:

1. There are EIGHT questions divided in TWO SECTIONS and candidate has to attempt five questions in all.
2. Question Nos. 1 and 5 are compulsory and out of the remaining, any three are to be attempted choosing at least ONE question from each section.
3. Content of the answer is more important than its length.
4. Answers must be written in the medium authorized in the admission Certificate, which must be stated clearly on the cover of the booklet in the space provided.
5. Content of the answer is more important than its length.
6. Any page or portion of the page left blank in the Question-Cum-Answer Booklet must be clearly struck off.
7. All parts of the question should be written at one place itself.
8. Write the test in exam atmosphere.
9. Filling all the details in BLOCK LETTERS is mandatory.

S. No.	a	b	c	d	e	Total
1						
2				X	X	
3				X	X	
4				X	X	
5						
6				X	X	
7				X	X	
8				X	X	
Grand Total						

For any issue related to PSIR Test Series, write only at
psirtestseries@shubhrranjan.com



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	Poor	Average	Good	Very Good	Excellent
Understanding of Questions					
Structure & Flow					
(a) Introduction					
(b) Conclusion					
(c) Overall					
Subject Knowledge					
Presentation					
(a) Underline					
(b) Paragraph					
(c) Overall					

Overall Remarks:

Dear Student,

All the best for next test...!!!



Que.1 (a)

"The end of cold war was most likely to return of traditional multipolar balance of power" - Mearsheimer. Critically examine.

(10 Marks)

Mearsheimer (^{Neo-}Classical realist)
in his book 'Tragedy of Great Power Politics' gave an offensive realist model of Balance of Power.

He was a cold war realist and believed in 'Bipolarity' as the most stable of International order as was prevailing during the cold war.

But soon after the collapse of USSR in 1991 which made critics argue that "we have killed the python, but have given rise to numerous poisonous snakes".



Thus Multi polar Balance of Power was most expected form as Morgenthau the classical realist in his book "Politics Among nations"²² described multipolarity as the ideal condition of Balance of Power.

But soon what was witnessed was emergence of Uni Unipolarity & emergence of Global Hegemon (Robert Gilpin and Charles Kindleberger &) against which countries prefer Soft balancing rather than traditional Balance of power.

However, today we see a 'Polarity Dilemma'² (C. Rajamohan) because of Unipolar world order due to emergence of non-state actors.



Que.1(b)

How capitalism has configured the modern welfare states?

(10 Marks)

It is said that Karl Marx dead
or alive will continue to HAUNT
the capitalist o

The emergence of welfare states
was the result of 'DAS-KAPITAL' of
Karl Marx which awakened the
bourgeoisie class o

However, the configuration so
far of capitalism in modern welfare
states has been described by
Neo liberals like Hayek [book 'Constitution
of liberty' as a Nanny state where
state takes care from cradle to grave
Similarly Robert Nozick is



book ⁶ Anarchy, State and Utopia ²
describes Progressive taxation as a
bonded labour .

On the other side , Kabir was
the neo structuralist scholar who
gave the concept of legitimation crisis ⁶
in Capitalist welfare States says that
Capitalist model of 'Socialism in politics' ⁶
and 'Capitalism in Economics' ² leads
to crisis of legitimacy .

The latest ones being Ralph
Miliband who is post capitalist welfare
States says that State is still the
instrument of Capitalist Class and
thus Nickel Paulantzas counters by saying
State has gained Relative Autonomy .



Que.1(c)

Critically analyse the impact of unilateralism on global governance and the potential of multilateralism in addressing global challenges like terrorism, climate change, and nuclear proliferation.

(10 Marks)

Applying Robert Keohane and Joseph Nye's Complex Interdependence theory shows that the world is interconnected and challenges like Terrorism, Climate Change and Nuclear Proliferation demand Multilateralism over Unilateralism.

Unilateralism, however has been most controversial because Although Realism has no faith in Institutions of Global Governance (Eg Morgenthau, Mearschmeyer (Classical and neo classical realist) ditched the



Multilateral Institutions and also called
power as the means and End of
Global Politics [Only Self help works]

However, liberal Institutionalists
like Woodrow Wilson held that
Multilateralism can convert 20th Century
into 200th otherwise the only
available field is the war battlefield

While Unilateralists believe in
the concept of single wheel turning the
chariot, but Terrorism being a
problem without passport requires
joint hands (Kofi Annan)

Similarly concepts like Col 26, Col 28,
NPT regime and Denuclearization talks can
show the way in Peace over War.



.1(d)

What is Social Constructivism? Describe the major assumptions of social constructivism in context of international relations.

(10 Marks)

"66 400 nuclear weapons of Britain is less harmful to USA than 4 nuclear missiles of North Korea"

Alexander Kojene

Social Constructivism thus denotes that

"Anarchy is what state makes of it" that

"Anarchy of friends is different from Anarchy of enemies".

Thus, Social Constructivism denotes looking at world from unbiased perspective because what may appear as per one school of thought, might not be so to other.

Major Assumptions being in building



Social Networks through Sociological liberalism of Karl Deutsch - based on communication theory which can iron out the differences .

Secondly, inspired by Italian thinker Vico, it says we see the world through Glasses and what is shown to us might not be true .

Example Kautilya's Arthashastra's Mandal theory of neighbours as natural enemy might not be true in case of European Union , or for that matter with India-Bhutan relationship .

Thus 'Anarchy' is what state makes of it and thus scholars like Buzan Barry suggests for a 'Glu' kind theories

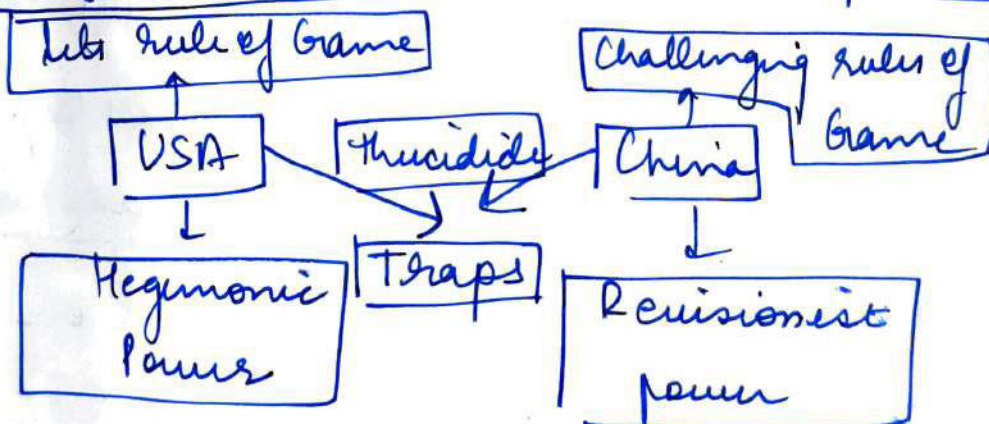


ue.1(e)

Explain the term "Thucydides Trap" in relation to the rise of China.

(10 Marks)

In the 'History of Peloponnesian war' Thucydides was compared to the scholar who showed how the traps work between the Traditional Hegemon and the Rising Power (Eg war between Athens and Sparta)



Thus the above diagram shows the current state of relations between Rising and assertive China and the Dominant USA.



As Napoleon often used to say,
'When China will rise out of slumber
it will astonish the world'

Today Mearschmeyer (neo Structural
realist) in book 'Tragedy of Great
Power politics' says that China's
Intention is not only to challenge
USA's hegemony, but to DISPLACE it,
hence it binds them into Thucydides Trap.

It can be seen from Trade war,
Chip war between the two, where
Cold War 2.0 has ~~Even~~^{been} described
because China's Technological rise
(Biggest threat of USA) .

Thus, USA's National Security Strategy
has called ~~to~~ China as Revisionist Power
which shows Thucydides Trap between two.



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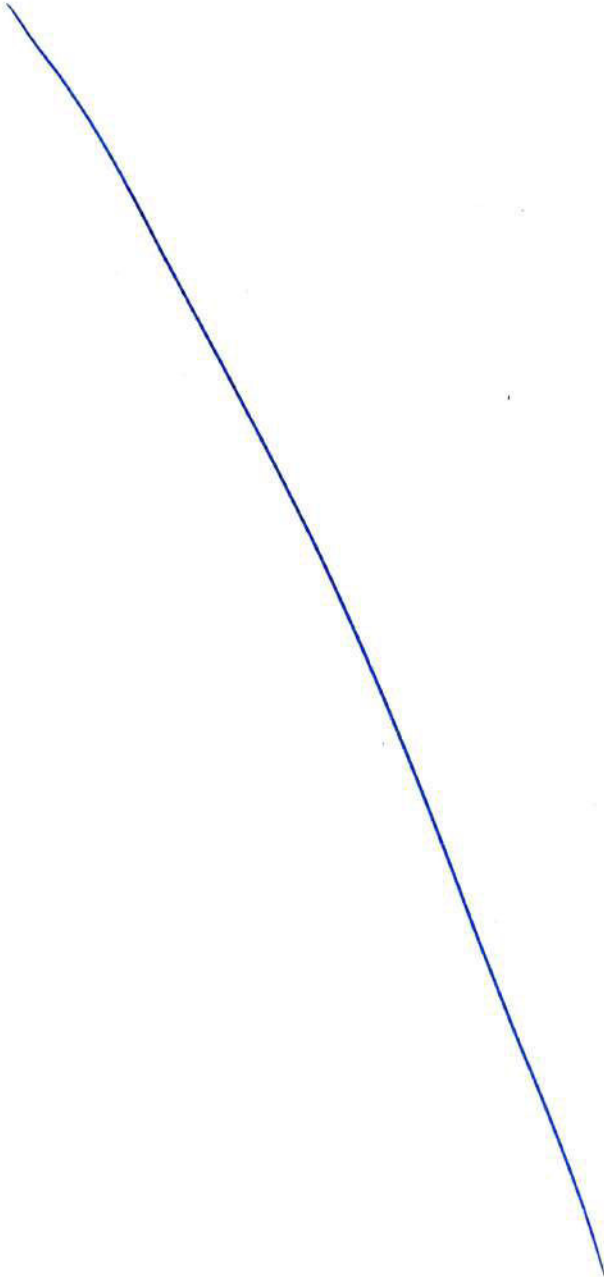
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ue.2(a)

Globalization has generated feeling of strong nationalism in many parts of the world. It makes the state less appealing as a political community. Discuss. (20 Marks)



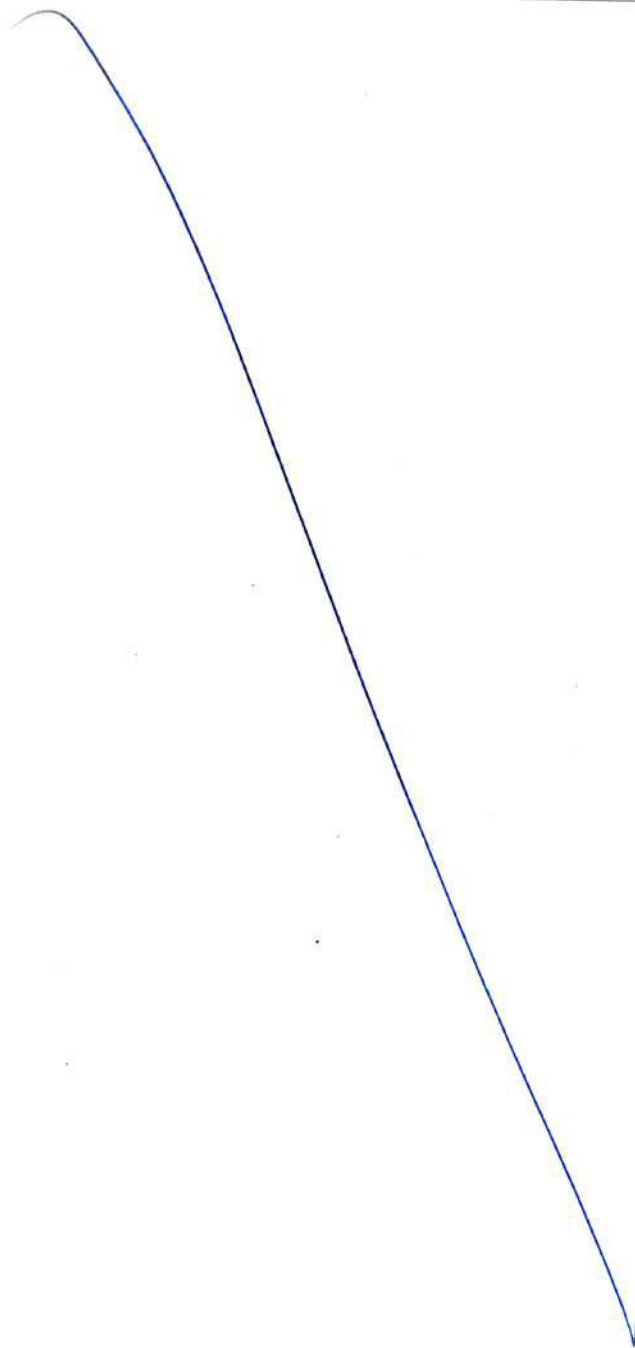


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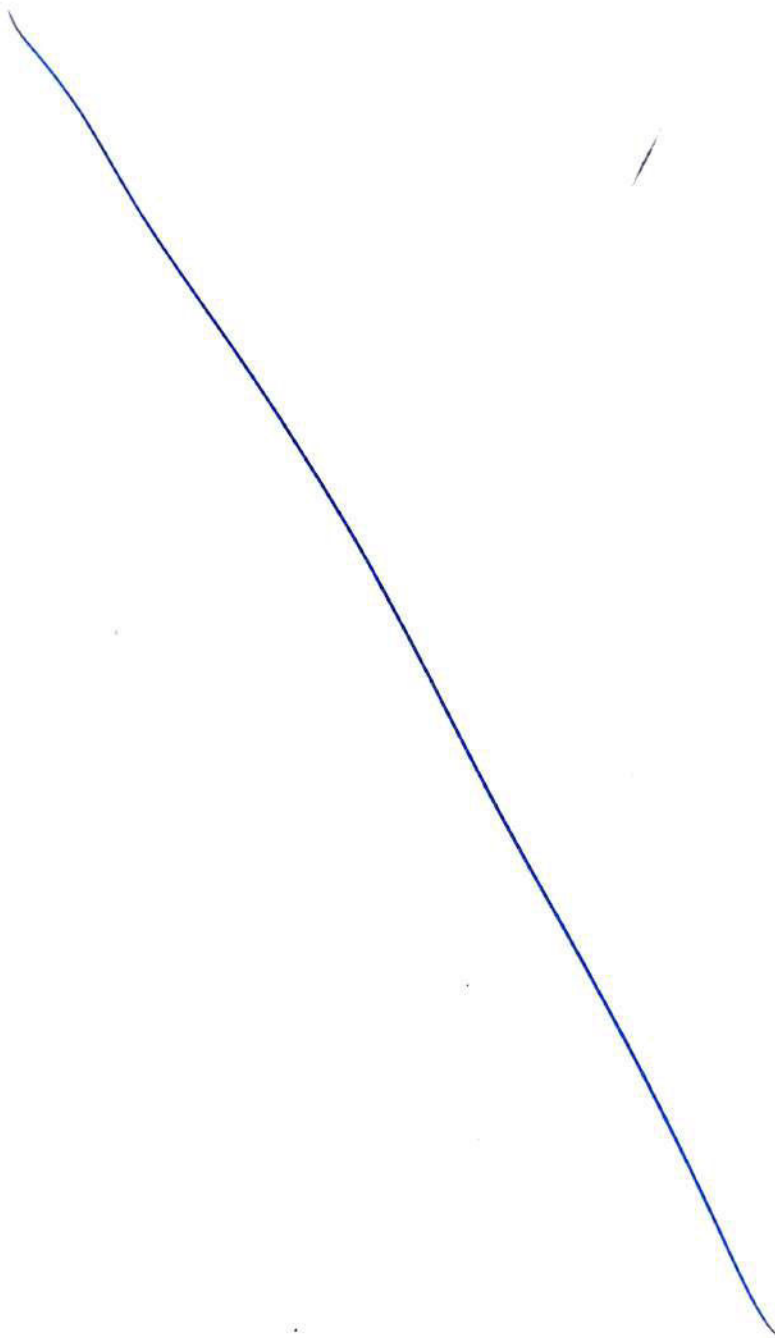


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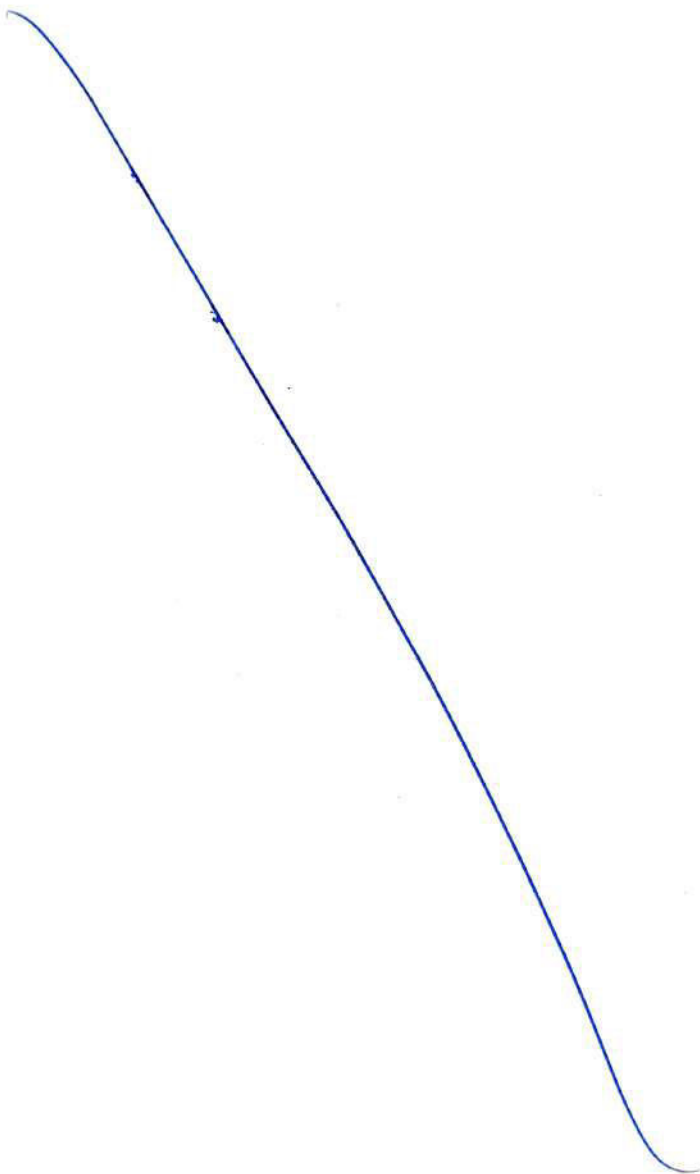
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ue.2(b)

NIEO has not been formally enforced yet, the need for a new economic system is still relevant in the world economy especially in the era of globalization. Discuss. (15 Marks)



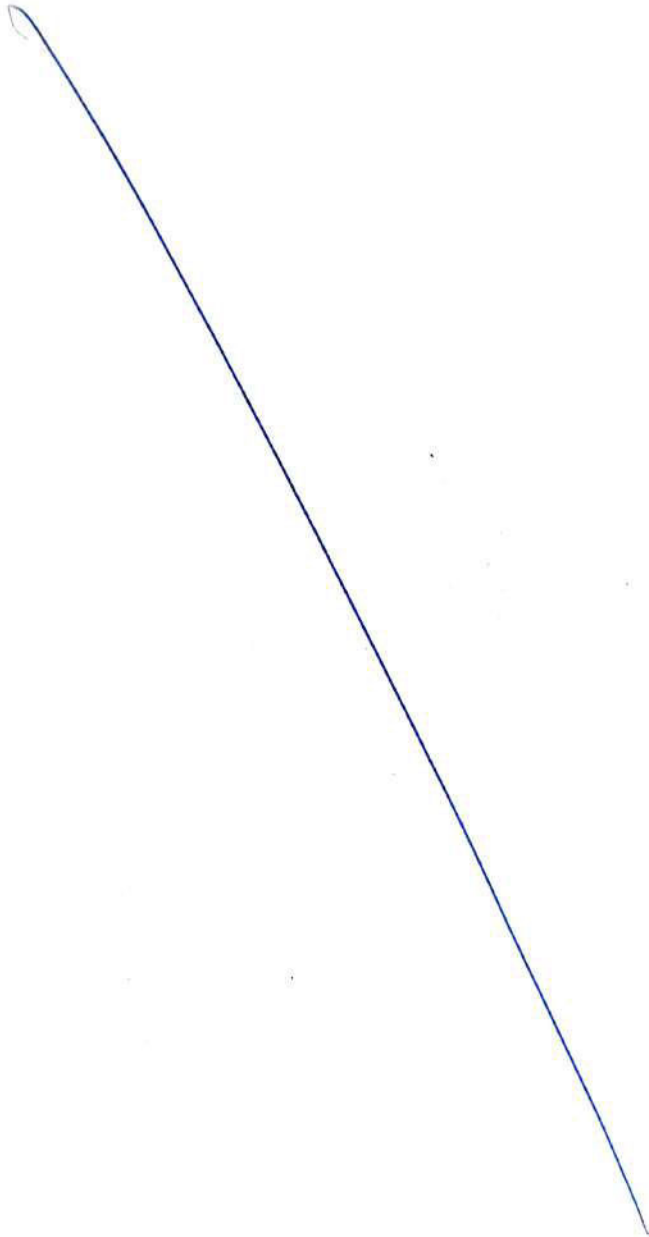


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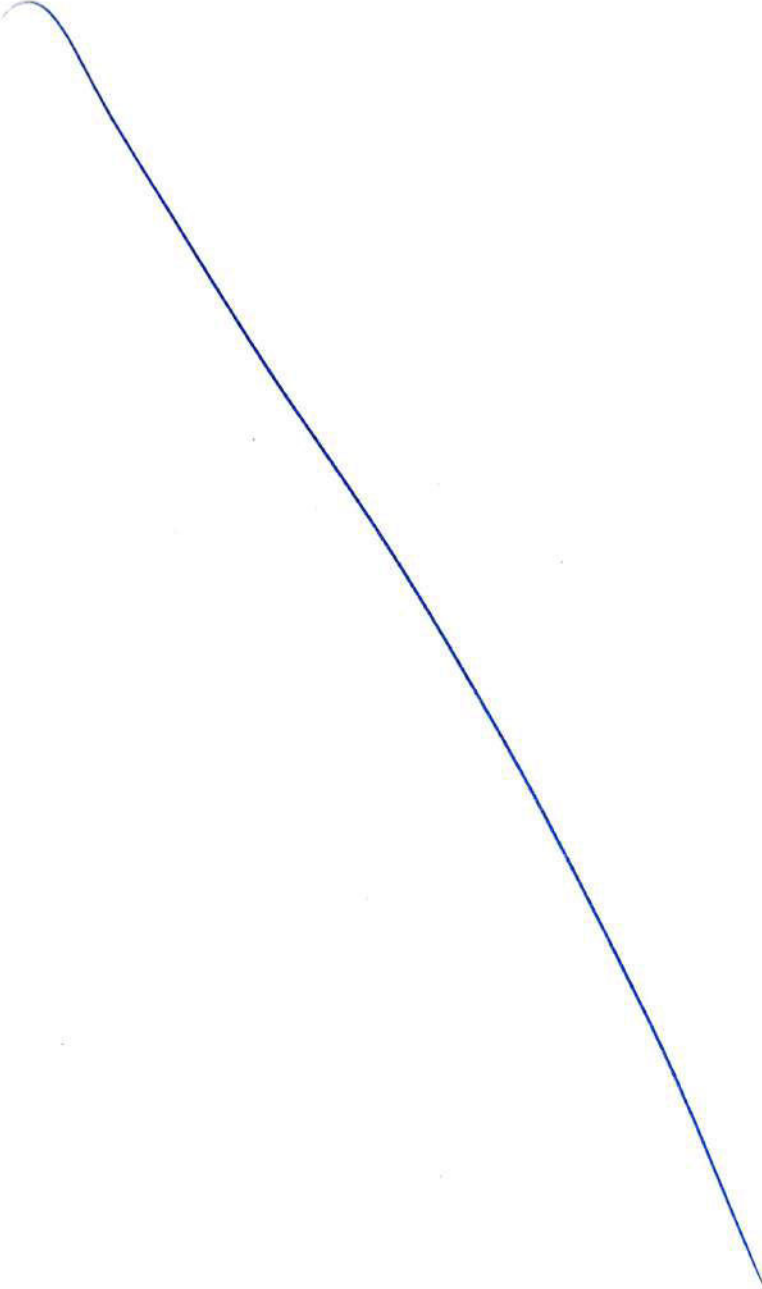


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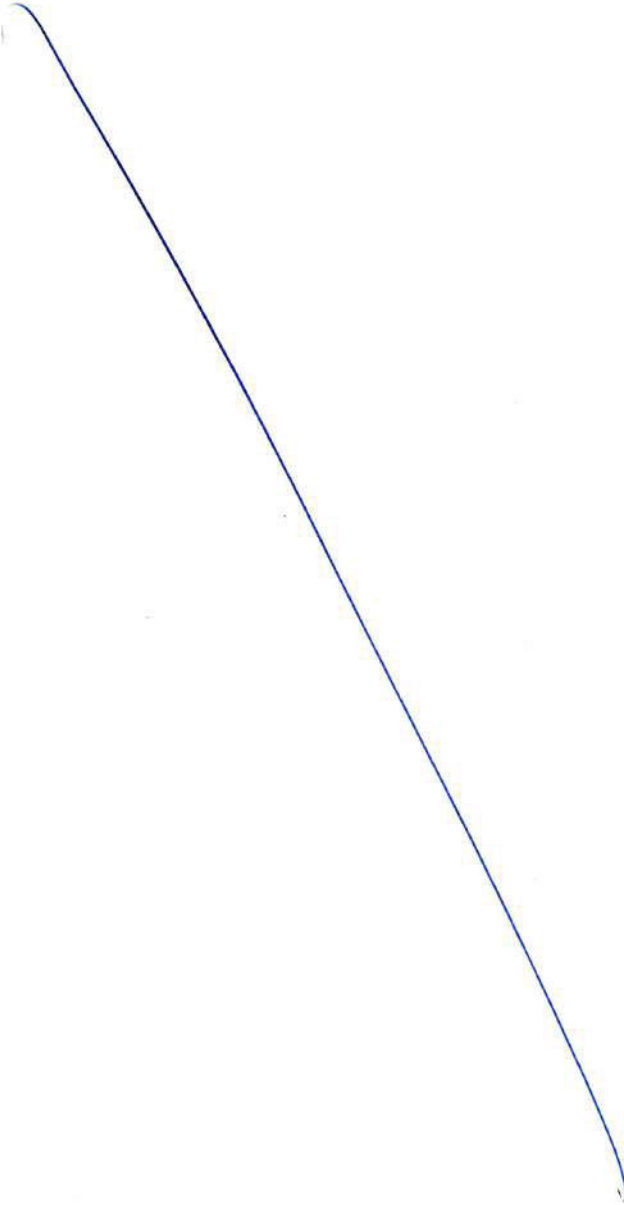
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Que.2(c)

Critically analyse the impediments and geopolitical implications of New Arctic Shipping Lanes? (15 Marks)



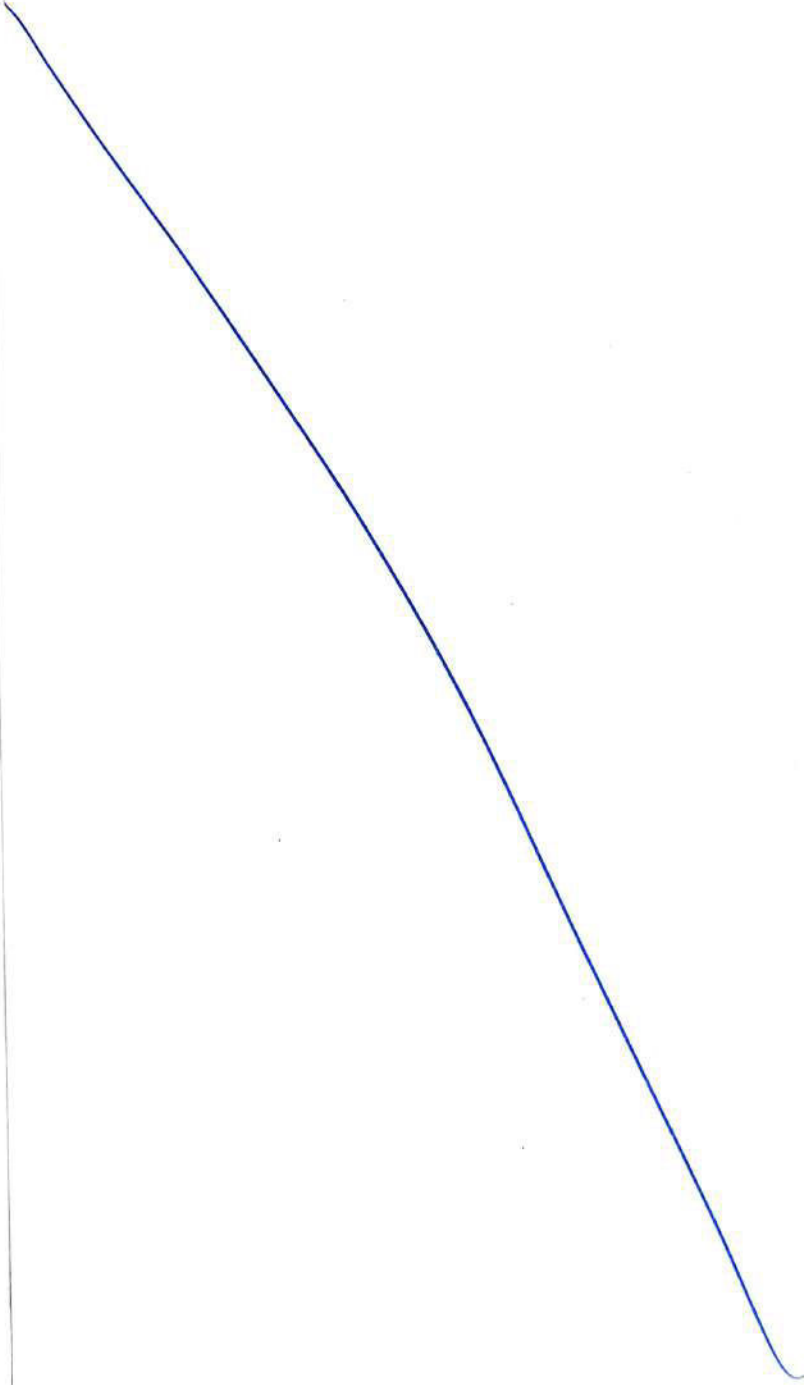


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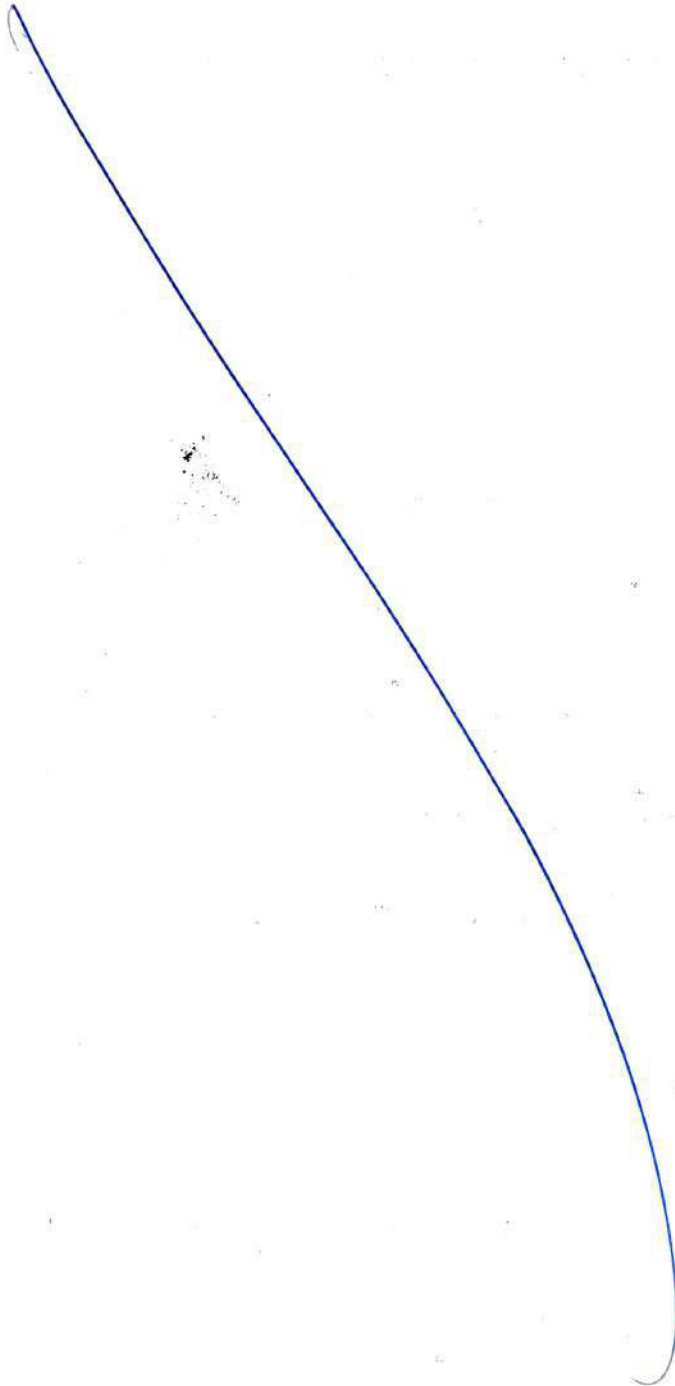


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Que. 3(a)

"The United Nations Security Council's (UNSC) failure to act on Russia-Ukraine & Israel-Palestine Conflicts has reignited the global demands to overhaul the body for international peace and security." Elucidate. ~~ism is not a fixed mode of thought but an intellectual movement.~~ Explain. (20 Marks) (Musprine)

The current Poly crisis (Adam Toze) has once again questioned the relevance of UNSC, which remains divided between East-West Conflict [P3 & P2].

Russia Ukraine war going on since 24th Feb, 2022 and Israel-Palestine Conflict since 7th October 2023 has shook the world because more than 80,000 lives have been lost.

While it was said that UNSC has teeth to bite, but the Ueto powers to counter (Eg) Russia has



used to the veto for its unfair advantage in Ukraine crisis and USA's veto forms the basis of providing shelter to Israel's actions (Eg) Recent killing of Ismail Haniyeh (Hamas Chief) in Iran which has shown the failure of Deterrence theory and 'Security community' and Collective Security concept of liberalism has taken abackward.

thus, an urgent need of UNSC reforms (Eg) Kishore Mahbubani's proposal of '7+7+7' formula where we can add 7 permanent - 7 semi permanent and 7 non permanent members to UNSC to increase



Representativeness in UN body can be the key forward .

However, Ramchandra Guha called for reforms being next to impossible and ~~as~~ some compares it to even Sisyphus⁶ (Kishore Mahbubani)

this is so because Article 108 and 109 of the UN Charter being extremely rigid and requires Domestic Ratification too .

But, UNSC powers are being compared to 'Double Veto' and thus reforms are needed so the UNGA could over ride the decisions taken by UNSC .

The Action also becomes necessary because UK and France are powers



of the bygone era and thus because of our representation of Europe makes UNSC politically defunct?

Thus keeping Geostategic and Geopolitics in mind the need for G4 being given membership (also held by Kofi Annan) so that 'Ueto Business' could be tamed can be the solution o

But the Geopolitical Jam posed by officer club for narrow objectives has made liberal institutionalism of Woodrow Wilson, Joseph Nye being ineffective o

Thus, other Avenues such as Swiss Peace Conference and Track 1.5 could be employed (Sociological Liberalism).



3.3(b)

Discuss the ways in which technology is playing the momentous role in shaping contemporary geopolitics. (15 Marks)

With Geopolitical sands shifting,
the world is becoming Heteropolar
and this is Emergence of Polarity
Dilemma because of Vector like
technology, Hybrid warfare (C. Rajamohan).

The emergence of Cyber Chambers
for 'Cyber Attacks' and Cyber Terrorism
has made the world a Geopolitical
Chessboard to check and mate the
Sovereign Power of Countries by Non
State Actors.

thus, the emergence of Technological
Rising China is the biggest threat to
USA because recent chip wars and



Weaponisation of everything has
shows the necessity for
“Development Security Hypphenation”²²
(Jake Sullivan) .

With war just a computer click
away, we can see how dangers
of nuclear Terrorism (as acknowledged
by UN Resolution 1540) being the
reality.

Contemporary Geopolitics has
been thus hijacked by ‘AI’ (eg)
Cambridge Analytica and meddling of
External Powers in elections of USA .

The Technological advancements
has put a question mark on



the liberal Institutionalists-tradition
'High Table Discussions' and the
hybrid warfare has become a reality
 which is leading to 'Invisibilisation
of Battlefield' (Eg) the stage of
warfare-Cyber world & like Solar
winds back •

The Bitcoin and the recent
Microsoft Glitch (dark Windows Screen)
 showed how excessive reliance of
 one software can bring the world
 to a halt •

Thus, Diversification like 'China+1'
Supply Chain Resilience Initiatives and
Dr. S. Jaishankar's advice of 'Trusted Partners
And Trusted Territories' in book
'Why Bharat Matters' can show the way.



Que.3(c)

Define ethnicity. Also examine the major actors involved in ethnic conflicts and the impacts of these conflicts on international relations. (15 Marks)

'Ethnicity' shows the common identities of a particular clustered group which gives them a sense of 'Collectiveness'.

Hence, in an Interdependent Global landscape Ethnicity has a 'Double Edged Existence'.

Major actors involved in Ethnic conflict range from Sectarian fault lines to Ideology dominated actors who use Ethnicity as a means to an END.

For instance, the same Christian Identity has been the source of



connectedness for formation of European Union in Europe, while the same Ethnicity has given rise to a Nuclear South Asia with players such as Pakistan - India - China in the Group of Tensions [P. Stöckel].

Other actors include Internal ~~offensivists~~ Groups who conspire with non State Actors of outside (eg) bonhomie between Kashmir Tigers and ISIS of Pakistan. Thus Professor S.D Muni says Ethnicity has been more of a Disadvantage in South Asia rather than a cohesive force.

The Impact of these Ethnic



Conflict in International Relations
result into Conflicts like Israel -
Palestine [Arab-Jew Conflict] and
Afghanistan being not only
'Graveyard of Empires' but Graveyard
of Civilizations due to Geopolitical
Interference of External Actors creating
a Geostategic Blackhole .

Here, Samuel P. Huntington
in his 'Clash of Civilizations' shows
such Ethnicity in fashion particularly
after Cold War .

Thus, it can give rise to
Regionalism (Eg) EU, ASEAN, RCEP and
Protectionism like Xenophobia and
Recent hate in UK against Muslims .



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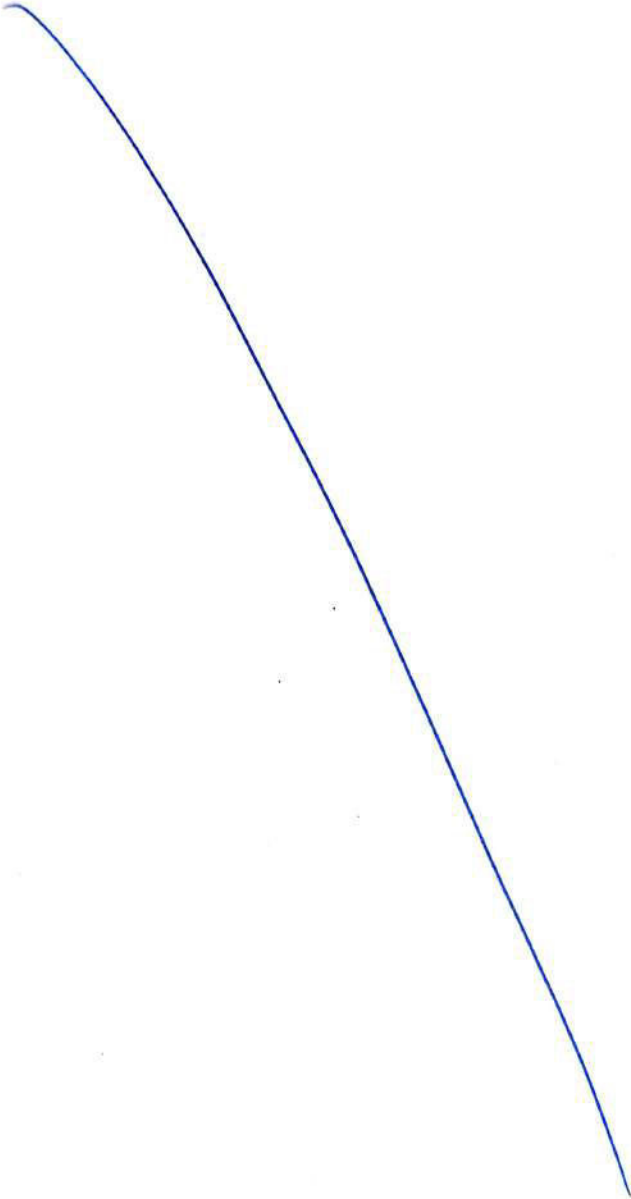
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ue.4(a)

What are the major implications of anarchy in international politics?
(20 Marks)



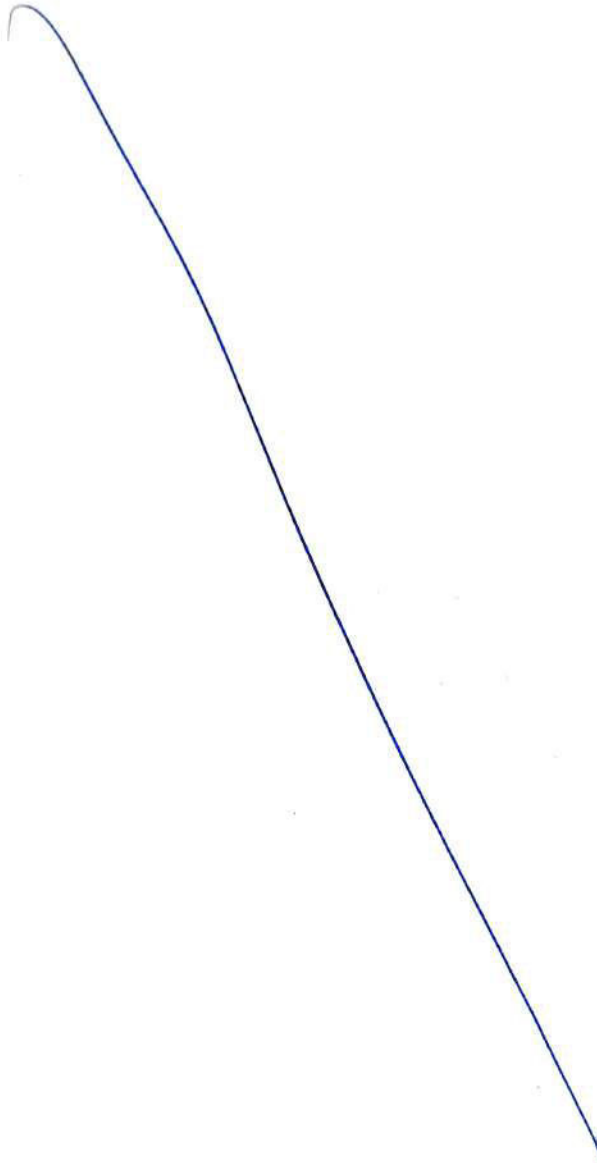


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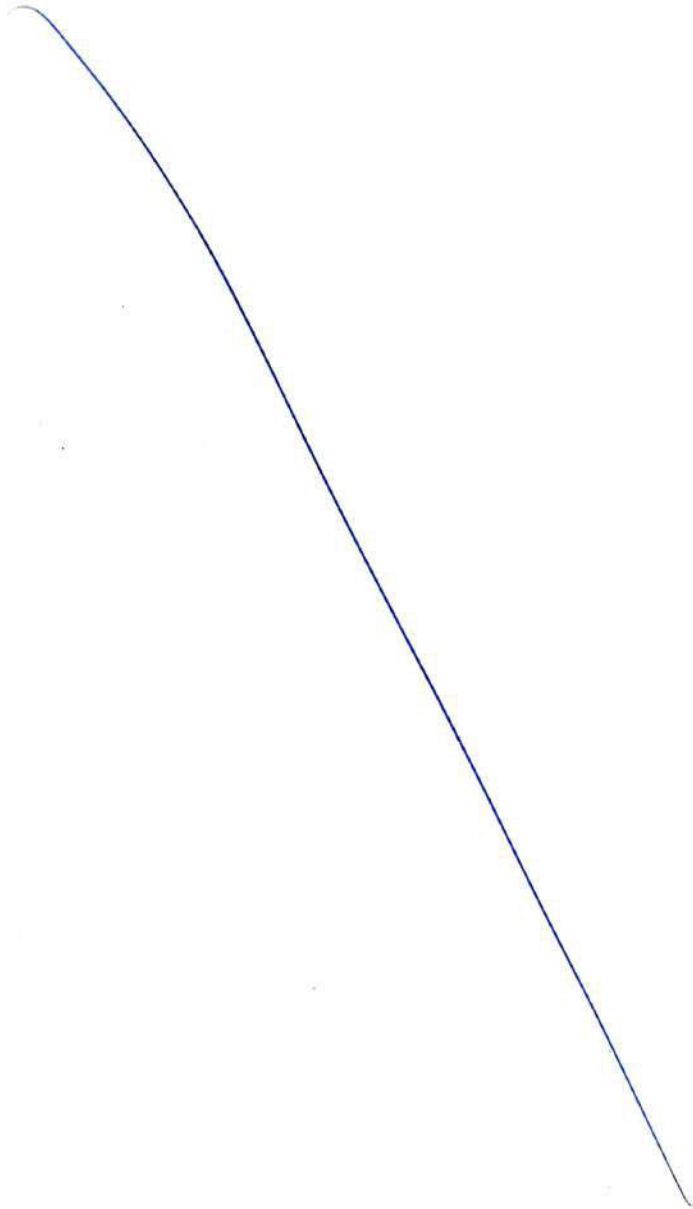


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ue.4(b)

Examine the causes of terrorism in global politics. Also discuss the consequences of terrorism for global peace and security. (15 Marks)

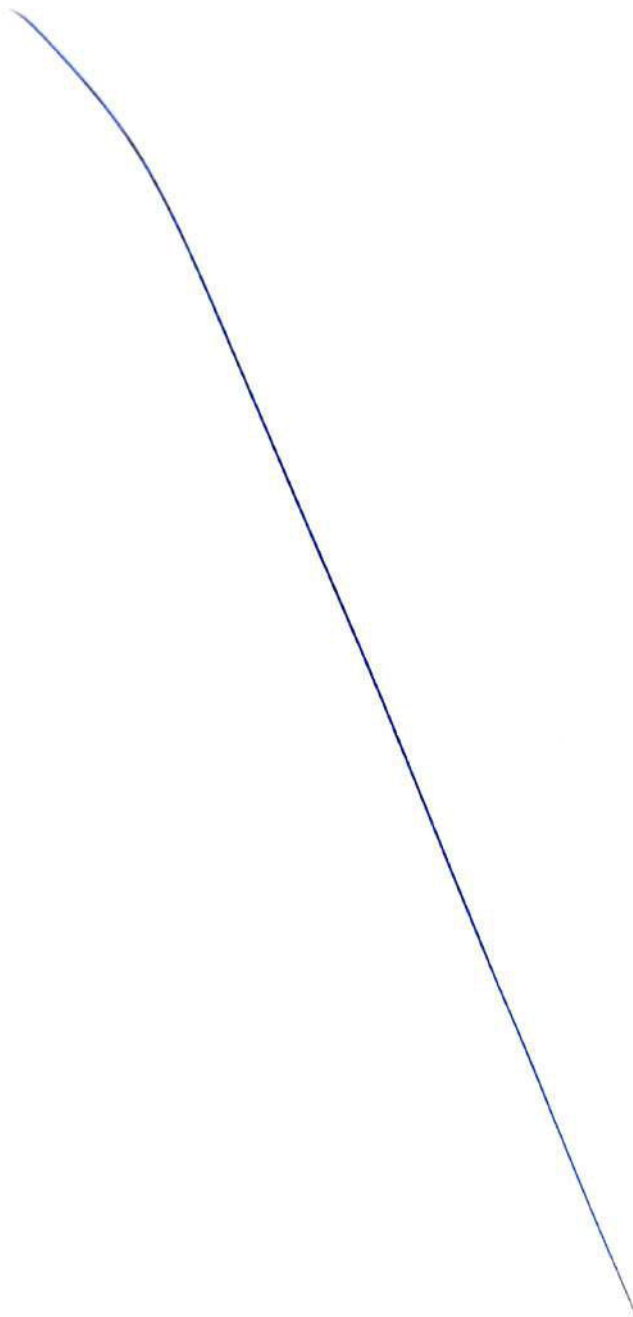


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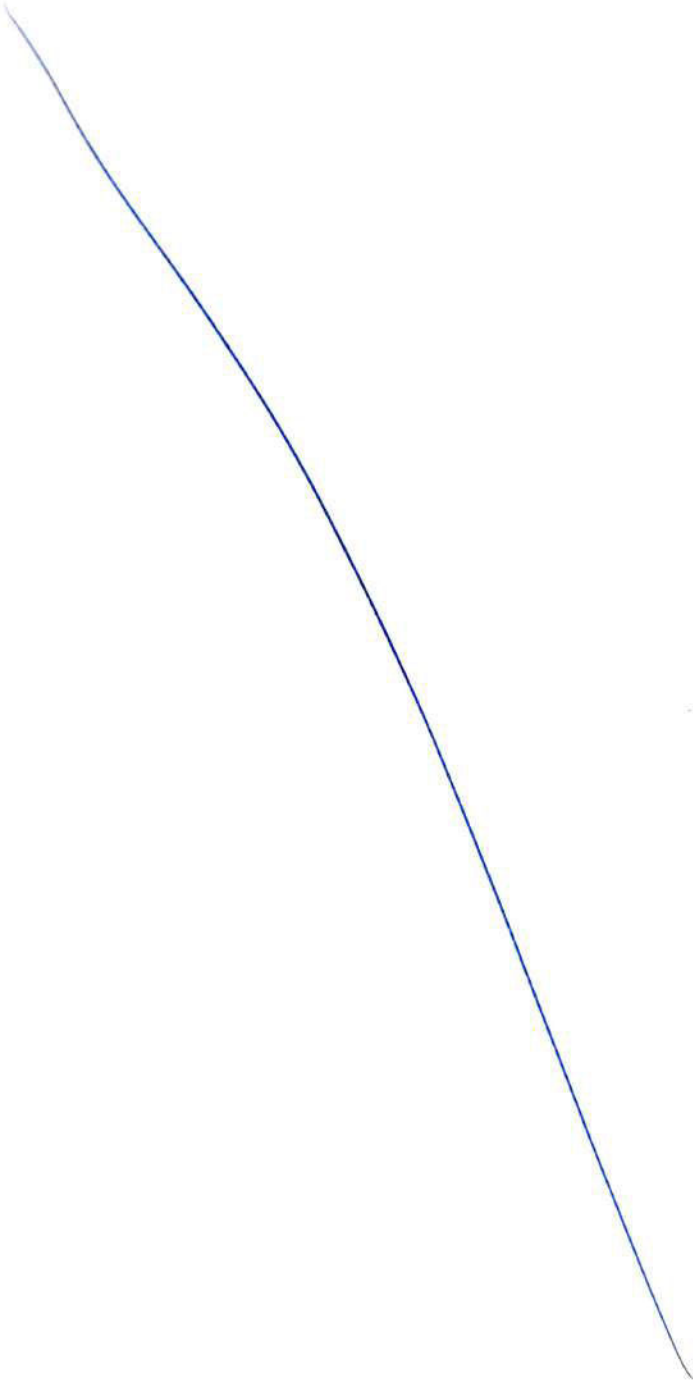


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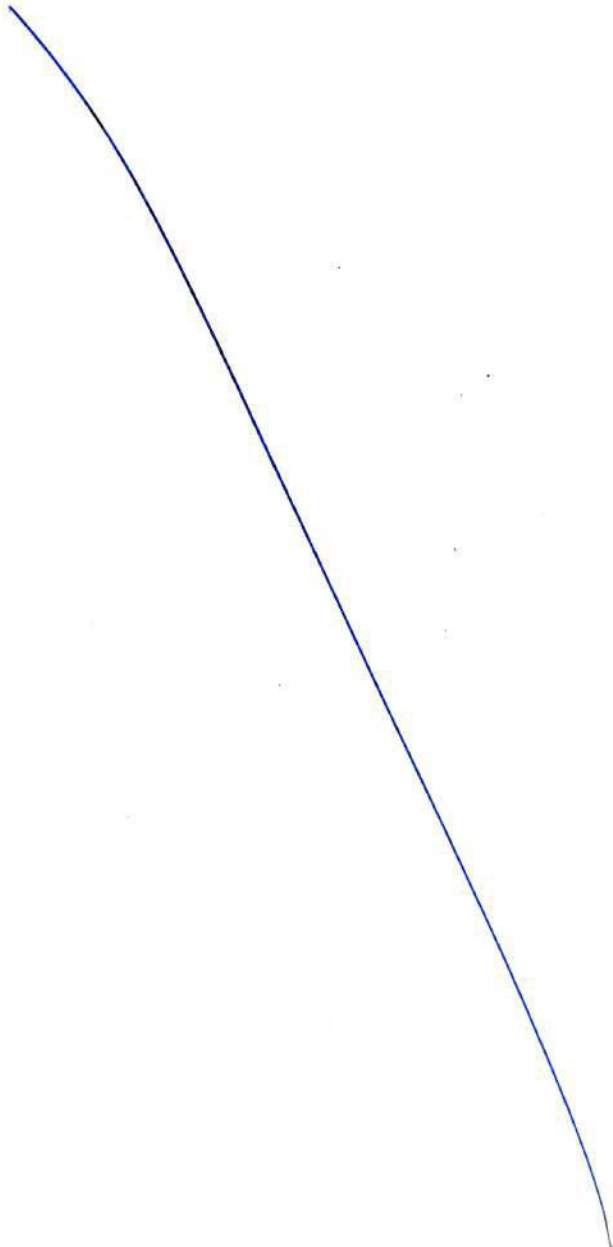
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Que.4(c)

"Apart from maintaining world peace, the UN played tremendous role in uplifting the social and economic conditions of various sections of the society." In this context, analyse the major functions and achievements of the UN ECOSOC since its establishment.

(15 Marks)





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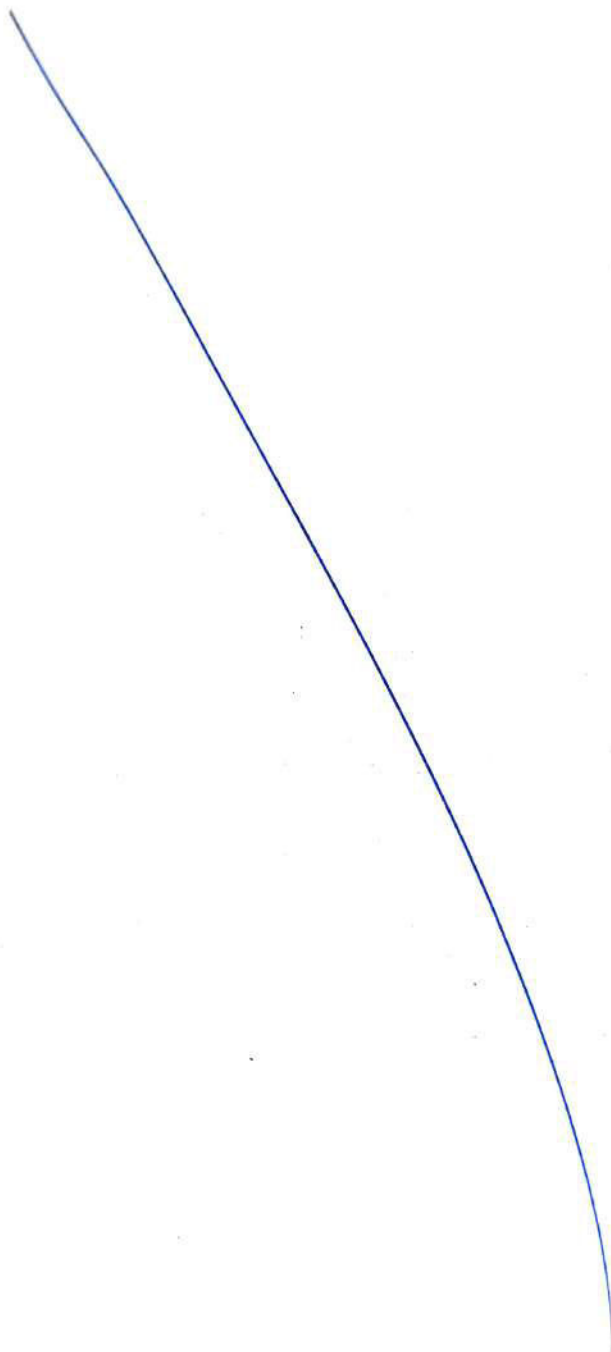


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ue.5(a)

Discuss how functionalism has applied in practice in the field of international relations. (10 Marks)

Functionalism based on Peace
'Peace by Pieces' is a concept by David Mitrany and Ernest Haas based on Richard Cobden's concept of keeping Politicians out.

In International relations, the biggest application has been the case with European Union where Disintegrated Europe was unified leaving behind the 2nd world war hostilities (Enemy states) and forming Trading States of Richard Roscicranes Sociological Liberalism
(eg) France and Germany.



Thus, it helps forms the idea of pluralistic theory of sovereignty propounded by Kastka and McEuer whereas commentators like David Held and Bob Jessup believe that Globalisation has resulted into Global Sovereignty.

Thus it leads to 'Regional Organisation' with Peaceful International Relations and less scope for war.

However, the concept has not been successful in South Asia (Eg)

SARIC's ~~intra~~ intra regional trade is only 5-7% and Dr S. Jaisankar calls it a Jammed Vehicle.

Thus, in the age of Geopolitical Shifts and concepts like Friendshoring, Functionalism forms a mid way.



e.5(b)

Briefly describe the positive and negative impacts of hegemony on international relations in context of Hegemonic Stability Theory (HST). (10 Marks)

Hegemony Stability Theory propounded by Robert Gilpin and Charles Kindleberger shows the emergence of Global Policeman for the Stability in the world order

[Pan Britannica : 1814 to 1914] and [Pan Americana between 1945 - 1991]

The Positives of Hegemony include the Ideological Power behind the Material Power (Robert Cox) which if Positive can promote the Idea of Liberalisation (Eg) USA's Free Trade Policy based on Woodrow Wilson's 14 point Consensus which has fueled Globalisation and Reduced Global



Panarchy. The other being the idea of Global policeman and Stability where other countries do not go for Hard Power Balancing but Soft techniques like Buck Passing thus reducing Arms Race.

Negatives include the Great Power suffering from 'Megalomania' and Overstretching itself where 'Free riders' take advantage of the Situation (Eg) USA's enormous military spending in Middle East, Afghanistan, West Asia [Carter Doctrine]

Fareed Zakaria (no classical Realists held that today ~~is~~ there is decline of west and rise of east, similarly Jan Bremner said we are in 'Geopolitical Recession' today.



Que.5(c)

As per the Marxist analysis, how does the state in the developing world or third world sustain its autonomy?

(10 Marks)

Karl Marx in book "18th Brumaire
of Louis Bonaparte" shows that
state is relatively autonomous by
applying structural Marxist theory

This shows that while state
will ultimately come to the benefit
of rich class, but will initially be
reliant on multiple factors and not
just big one [countering Instrumental
theory of Ralph Miliband (book
Socialism for skeptical age)

Thus, Nicolas Poulantzas shows
while rights to state in third world class



has brought autonomy but Managerial
Class of Bonapartists still have
huge influence ◦

However, Immanuel Wallerstein's
through his World System Theory shows
how third world countries are losing
autonomy to core states by acting
~~as~~ as its periphery (Spatial model)
(Eg) ◦ New Scramble for Africa leading
to Dutch Disease, Resource Curse,
Blood Diamonds, Blood Gold ◦

This shows third world countries
have bear the brunt of Post Colonial
Orientalism, Kwame Nkrumah fears
Neo Colonialism, but India acting as a
Role of Global South can show the way.



Que.5(d)

Critically examine the limitations of International Court of Justice (ICJ) in maintaining global peace? (10 Marks)

International Court of Justice is UN's permanent organ composed of 15 Judges ~~acts~~ elected for 9 year term and as an example of faith in theory of liberal Institutionalism [Justice on the Global Stage]

However, ICJ jurisdiction has some limitations because it covers only State Actors and not Non State Actors like NGOs, Individuals .

A country accepting its jurisdiction is also voluntary and since International law is non Binding, ICJ's awards have not acted as a Deterrent to



State Actors (Eg) Russian war crimes on Ukraine, Israel Gaza Conflict where 'Identity of Political Leaders' has played a huge role in war becoming a 'Frozen Conflict' leading stuck between Cold Peace •

But, several successful examples being conflict between Guatemala, Ecuador and Honduras and the resolution of 'Cameroon - Nigeria' Conflict •

Thus, as Thomas Hobbes said that 'Covenants without Swords are nothing but Acts of Budence', therefore Giving teeth to Bite can be the Solution.



Que.5(e)

Explain the concept of non-traditional security threats in international relations. (10 Marks)

Non Traditional security threats include new forms of warfare like hybrid warfare, subtle chambers, terrorism from ungoverned spaces, immobilisation of battle field which are making traditional balance of power concept as obsolete.

thus concept of Asymmetrical Balancing by Realist scholars, shows that nuclear weapons being going into hands of terrorists like Hezbollah, Hamas can lead to theory of Deterrence by denial and punishment being obsolete.

thus, Technological Advancements

with the help of Big Tech example
(State - ~~not~~ non state actor) Nerves in
China (Eg) Huawei and using Big Tech
for Geopolitical Interest can further
make the International Theatre a
region of Asymmetrical Equilibrium
where tilt is towards the Technologically
Advanced Big Tech Companies

Non traditional threats pose
Ideological Challenges to liberal theory
of Security and requires a Heft
and Measurable Response to it (Eg)

USA's biggest fear is Technologically
dominant and rising China).

Thus, it can lead to 'weaponisation
of Technology and 'Development - Security' hypenation
is required.



6(a)

Elucidate the concept of power. Also identify the major elements of power in global politics. Arashastras refer to the science of dharma and are a series of texts which teach the eternal immutable Dharma found in Vedas." Discuss (20 Marks) (Misprint)

Robert Dahl in his book 'Political Parties' defines Power as a Relational Concept, Henri Foucault (Post Modernist) defines that 'what money is to Economics, power is to politics'.

This shows Power as the concrete and central concept in the theory of 'Global politics' by which Classical Realists like Mearschmies define Power as a 'Means' and 'Ends' in the Power Politics where more Power is antedote to less Power.

Power, hence been the cause and consequence of 'Peace and war'.



in the Westphalian Order where
'Balance of Power' was known as
the Axis of International Politics o

[The major Elements] of Power
being, first the Geography where
countries like USA, Russia have been
major powers because of their
Geographical Advantage for example
while Alfred T. Mahan called the
country controlling seas as the
Country controlling the world (also
held by Land Power in case of
Land Power o

While Mackinder saying the
country controlling 'Mainland' will
control the world's Island o



thus, Geographical power increase has been continued till today (Eg) China's Selami slicing, new dash line, bases in Djibouti, Guadar.

Another is the Partners or Alliances (Eg) External balancing (Eg) forming counter coalitions against rising power (Bismark Idea) like concept of QUAD, SQUAD to give Geopolitical Advantage of collectiveness²

Another one being the Investment in soft power (Eg) Joseph Nye calls world as a Geopolitical Chessboard where soft power is diffused throughout body politic. This could be through



Strategic Culture [Jack Snyder] or
Selling Global Hegemony (USA's soft
power through Fashion Ideals) or
India's Religious Soft-power (Eg) PM Modi
said 'India gave the world ~~yuddha~~
Buddha and not yuddha'

However, countries investing
in military and Hard Power has been
the most common (Eg) USA spends
more than \$900 billion on military,
while China spends \$300 billion.

But Smart power as a
mixture of Soft and Hard Power
(John Chipman) shows the way and
Hannah Arendt's concept of Constructive
Power with People gives the most soothing
way to understand it.



6(b)

What were the causes for the end of the Cold War? (15 Marks)

Bernard Baruch defined the cold war, which became popular with Walter Lippman's book 'Cold War'. It means no 'Direct Hot War' but an Age of Miscalculations, Mistrusts, where Nuclear Deterrence was the defining aspect of it.

Causes for the End of Cold War
had been firstly the concept of 'End of Ideology' concept being gaining Ground of Daniel Bell and SM Lipset's 'Political Man' where Daniel Bell said that Ideological Age has Ended and Economics has taken



front seat o

Hammer, it formally ended after the fall of Berlin wall in 1991, when Bolsheviks Revolution of 1922 which formed Soviet Union became dysfunctional

The foreign policy of Gorbachev is to be blamed by the traditionalists who held that shift from Brezhnev Doctrine (strong hold on communist countries) being turning towards Sinatra Doctrine (inspired from song 'My way') being blamed, and gradually as controlled loosened country shifted back from communism.

Another reasons were



• Gorbachev's Domestic policies of Glasnost (Domestic political openness) and Perestroika (Economic openness).

This made Elas Dair Moutyze (Social Constructivist) comment that 'The most dangerous period for a tyranny is when they try to reform themselves' 22.

Ronald Reagan Policies were also to be blamed which Russia adopted Liberal Policies of openness, thus finally leading to End of Cold wars.

However, Cold wars' end led to opening of World Economy and Hyper Globalisation period and the biggest beneficiary of it was China.



Que.6(c)

Explain liberal feminism. What are the limitations of liberal feminism? (15 Marks)

The core concern of Feminism is the 'Emanicipation of women' and is described as Umbrella Ideology.

Liberal Feminism started with French Revolution 1789, inspired by Engels, and led by Mary Wollstonecraft who wrote 'Thoughts on Education of Daughters' and 'Vindication of Rights of Women'.

Thus Liberal Feminism core objective was to help women gain equal status through the 'Suffragette Movement' thus giving them the right to vote.



and giving representation rights
to women in the Political Sphere.

However, there were certain
limitations to this idea because
Radical Feminists questioned the
Liberal Feminist lack of voice towards
the family injustice (Eg) Carol Hanisch
said Personal is Political and
held that the biggest worry is
personal sphere where women
and Patriarchy are ~~too~~ two sides of
same coin.

While Liberal Feminists believed
that Heterosexual Families are
fine but Radical Feminists like

Kate Millet in book Sexual Politics called for 'Sisterhood' and held that Men are not wellwishers of women and rape has nothing to do with Sexual desire, but to keep women under Subjugation of Men.

Simone De Beauvoir also in her 'The Second Sex' said that 'One is not born woman, but becomes a woman' and shows the difference between Gender (social name) and Sex (natural).

Thus, 2022 Nobel Prize winner Annie Ernaun held in her book 'A man's world' that it's high time to rise high because women are still 'Invalidated at whim'.



3.7(a)

Define Euro-Centrism. Illustrate the impacts of Euro-Centrism on the evolution of the comparative politics. (20 Marks)

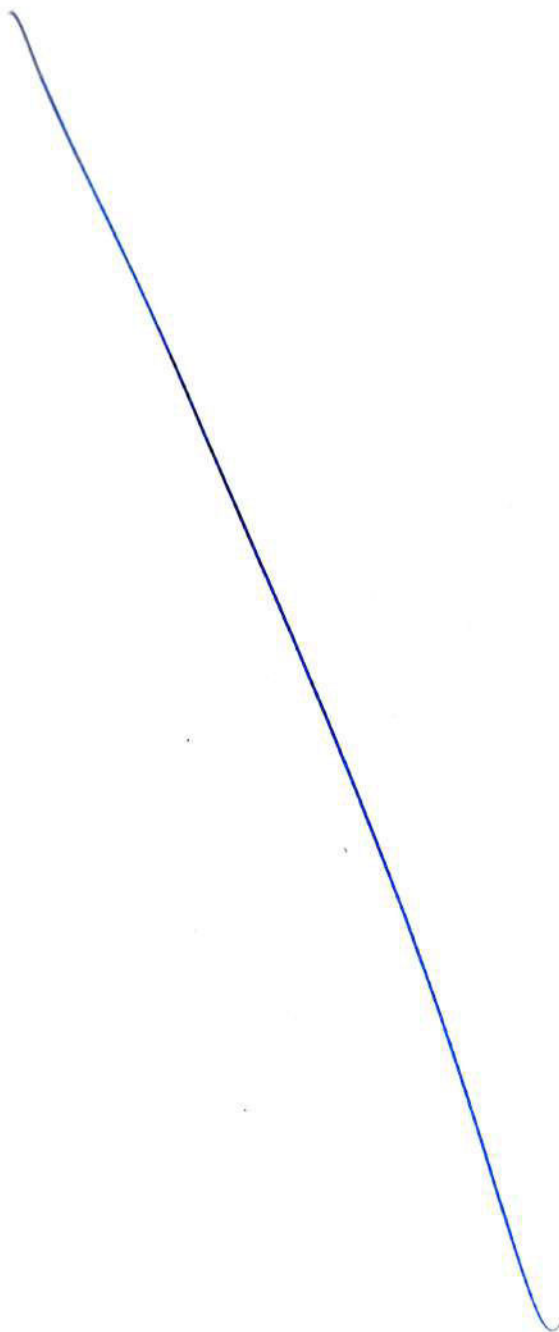


SHUBHRA RANJAN

Always Ahead

☎ 9810212719

25, Pusa Road, Karol Bagh, New Delhi 110005.



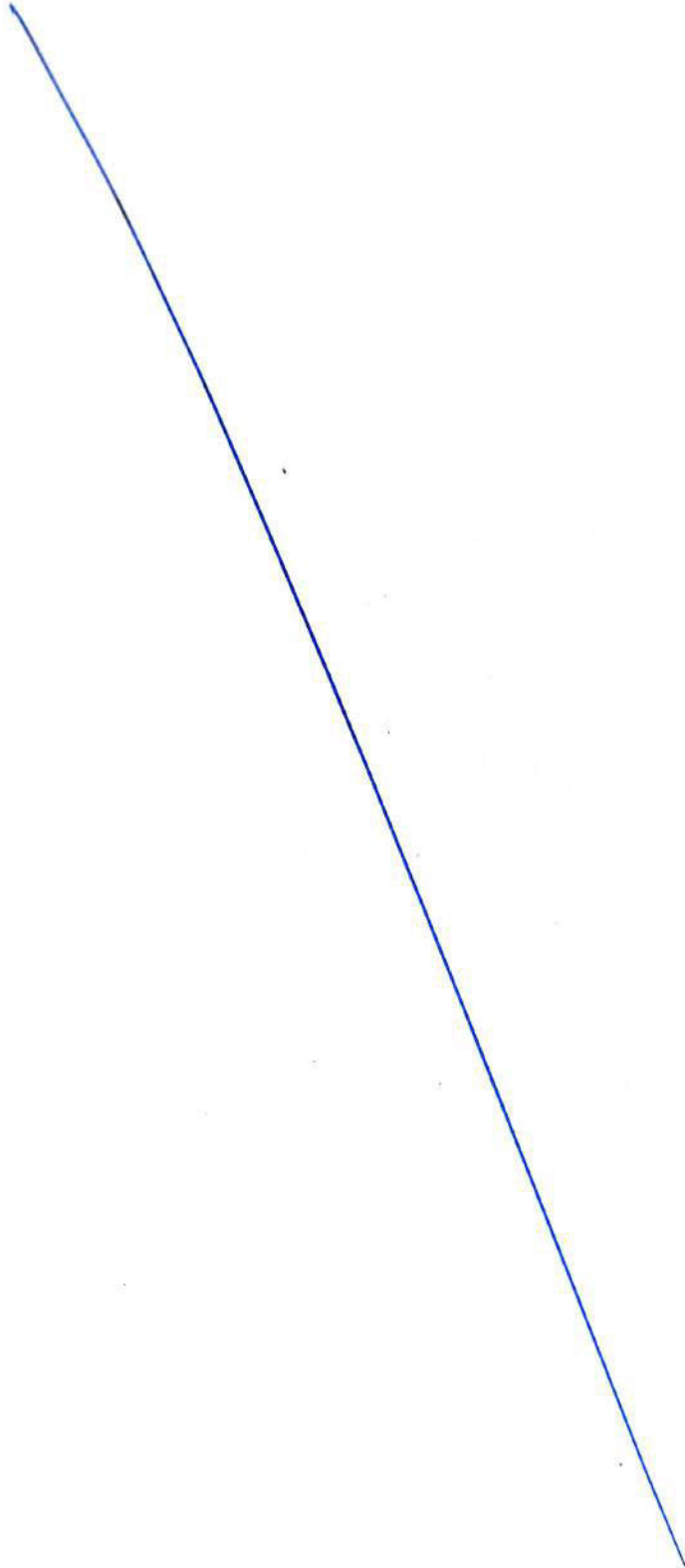


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Q.7(b)

Explain the genesis of system approach in comparative politics? Also highlights the major characteristics of System approach. (15 Marks)

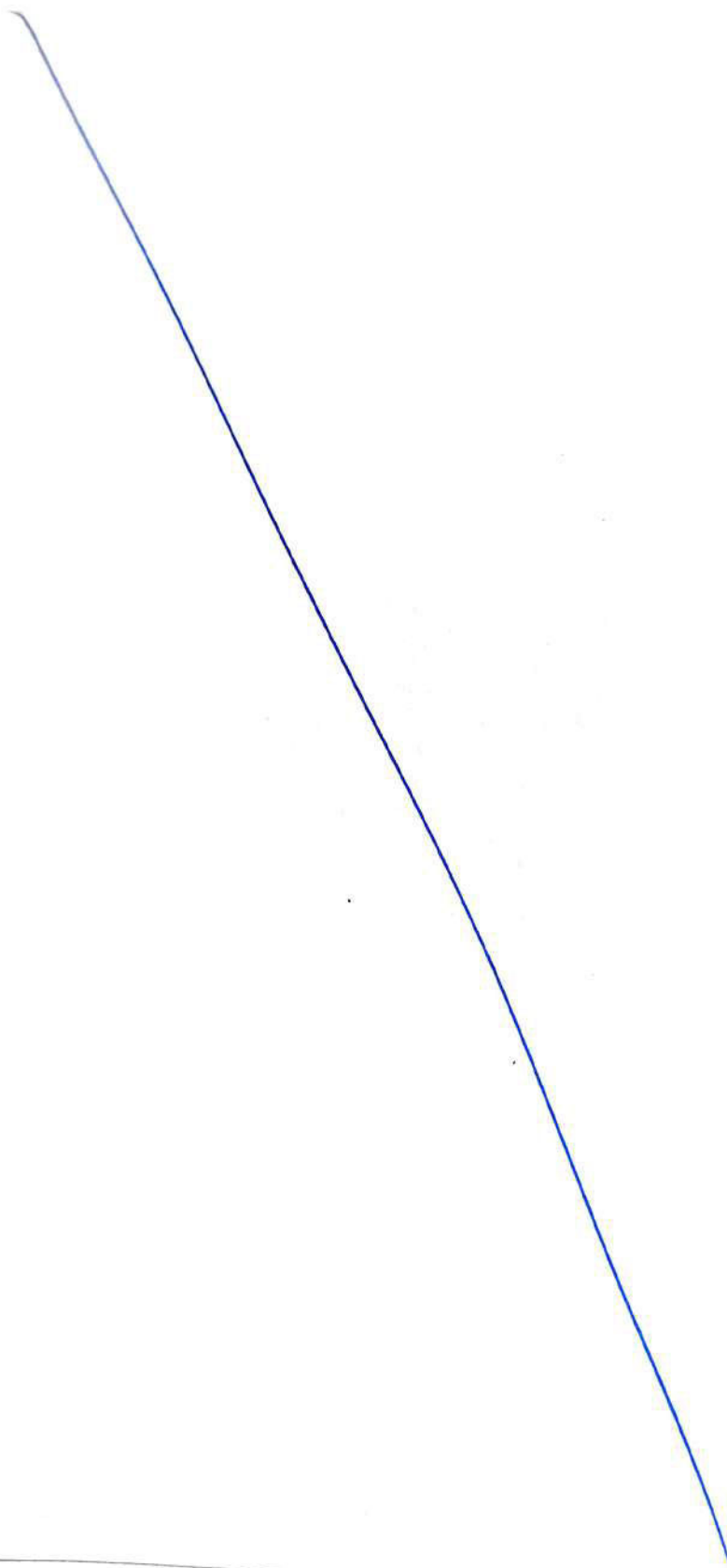


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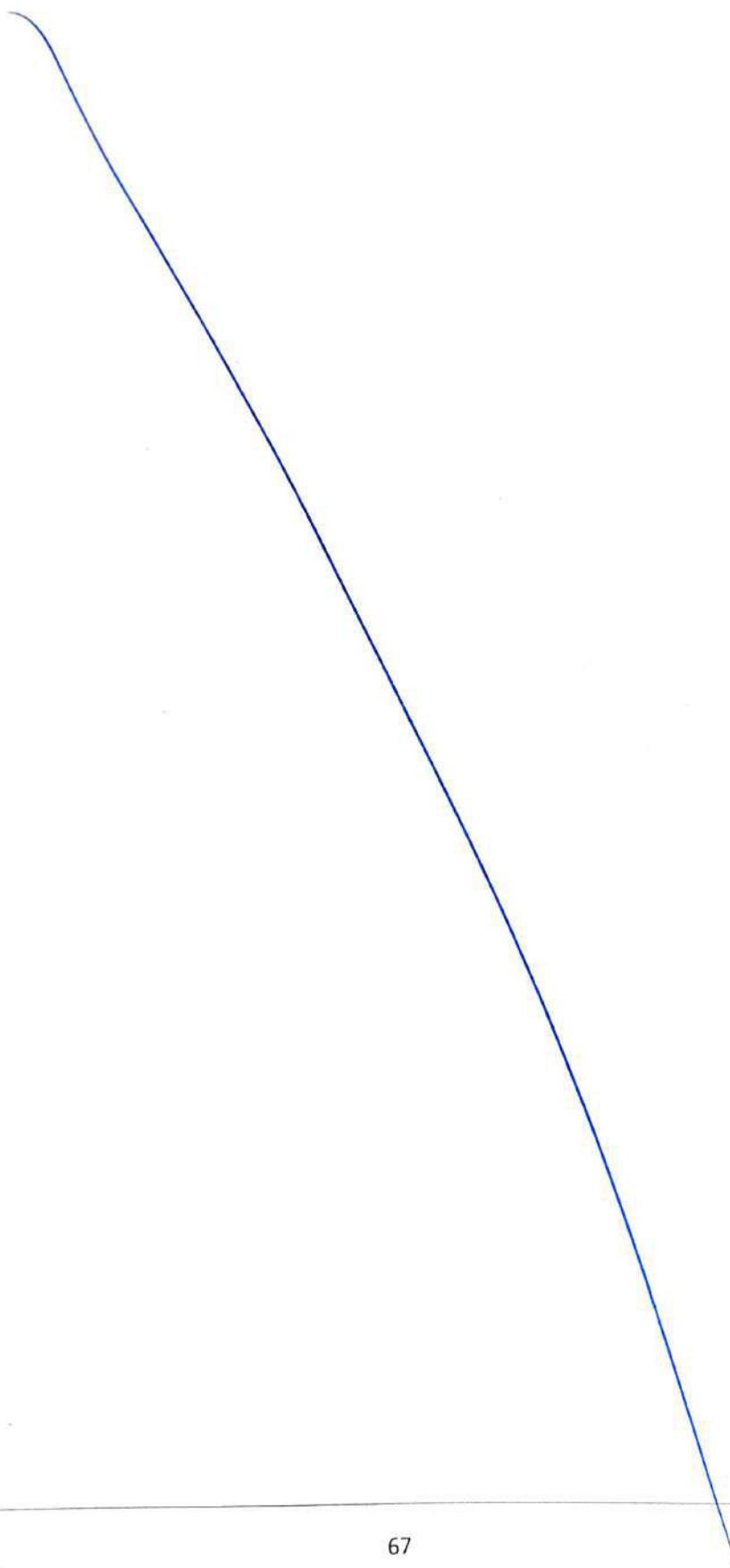


SHUBHRA RANJAN

Always Ahead

25, Pusa Road, Karol Bagh, New Delhi 110005.

☎ 9810212719





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Always Ahead

☎ 9810212719

25, Pusa Road, Karol Bagh, New Delhi 110005.

Que. 7(c)

Analyze the concept of hybrid warfare with suitable examples. Also, discuss the causes and consequences of such warfare for international peace and security. (15 Marks)

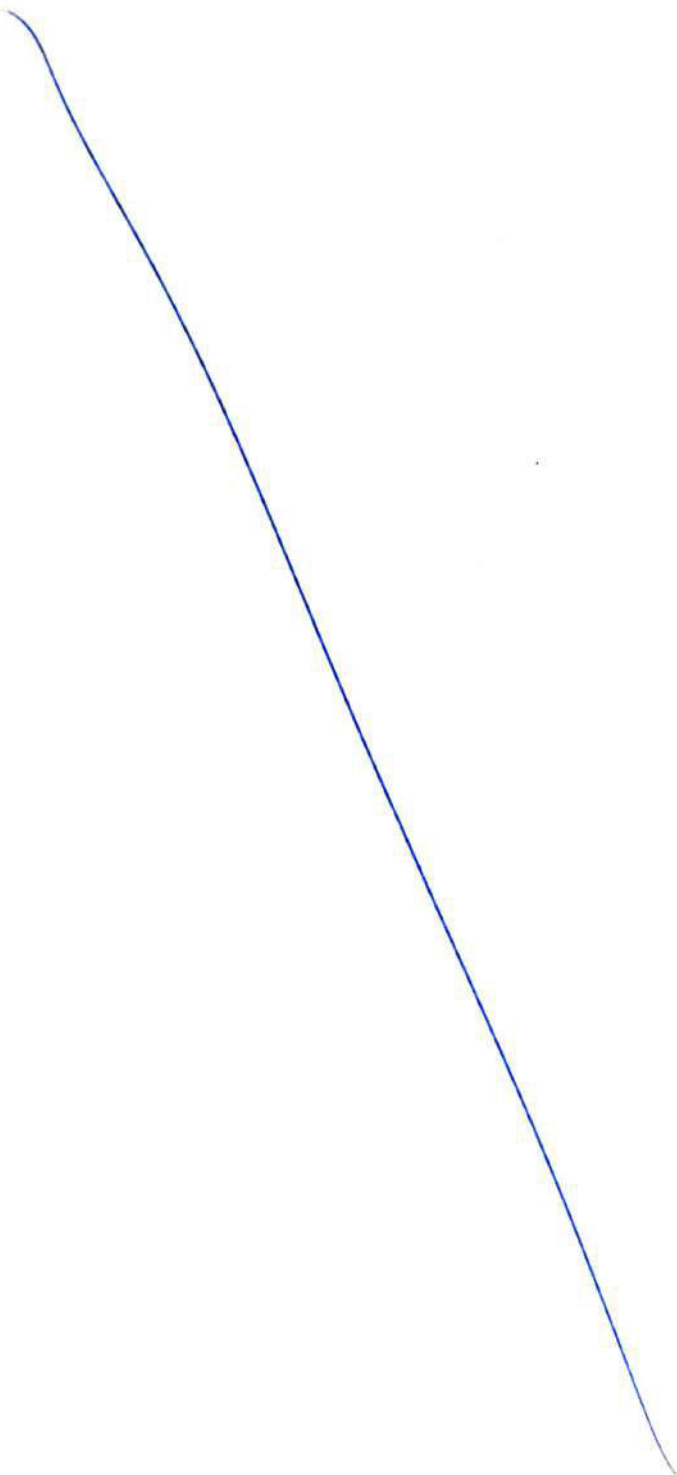


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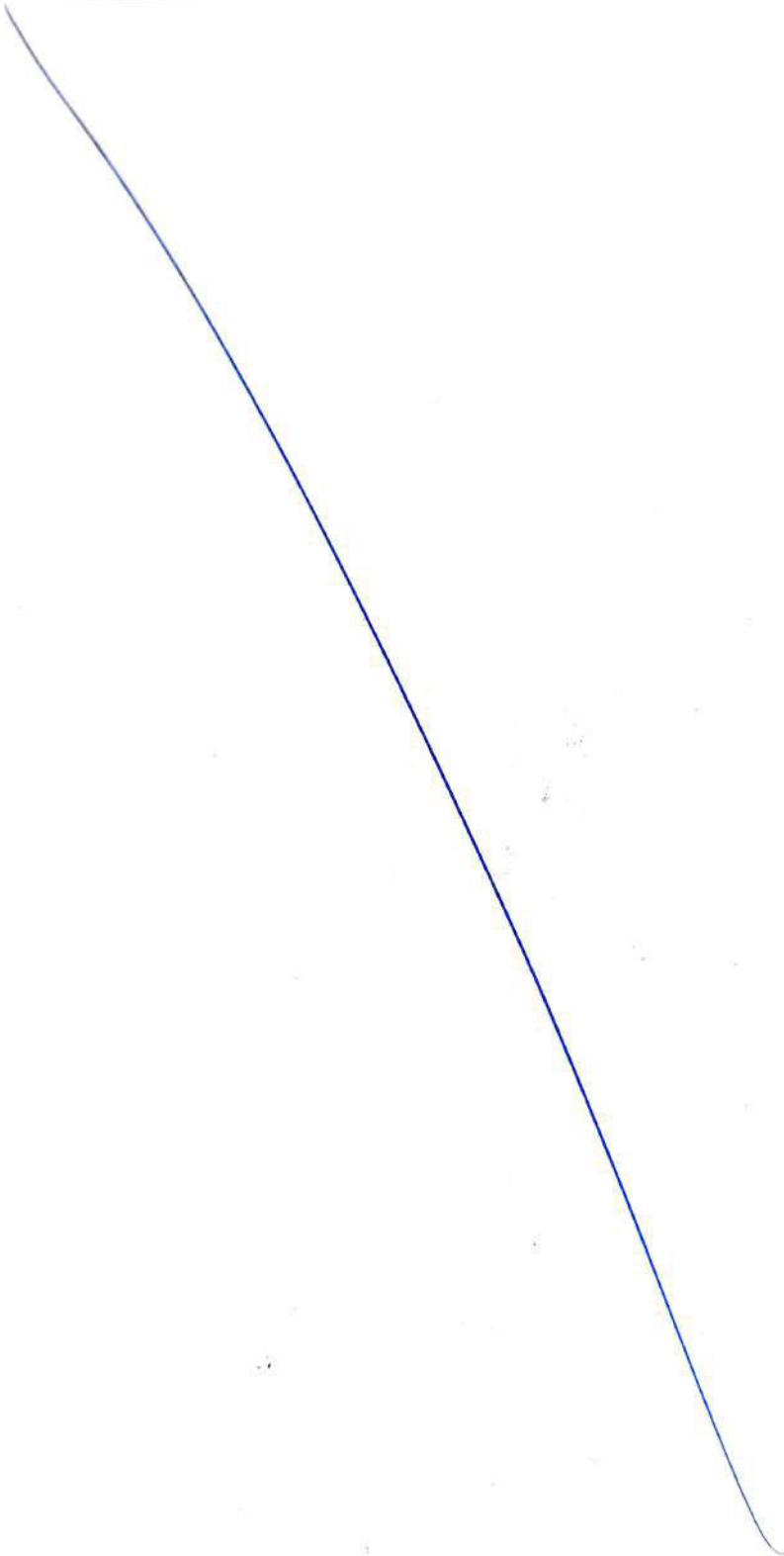


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Always Ahead

☎ 9810212719

25, Pusa Road, Karol Bagh, New Delhi 110005.





e.8(a)

"Climate change poses escalating risks to stability and security, with potentially far-reaching consequences". Comment. (20 Marks)

UNSG Antonio Guterres held that what began has a Climate Warming is now turning to 'Climate Boiling'.

Similarly, Thomas Friedman in book 'Hot, Flat and Crowded' held that Climate Change puts forward an 'Existential Threat' to the Global Peace and Security.

IPCC 6th Assessment Report which Antonio Guterres calls it as a 'Code Red' for Humanity held that the Earth already being 1.1°C warmer than pre industrial levels with



Sea level rising at the rate of 3 cm per year.

With this comes the risk to world Stability and Security because of the 26.5 million Refugees worldwide and Weaponisation of Refugees due to Climate Change can pose a Security threat.

The North-South Conflict hitherto seen is slowly escalating into Climate Cold war which has been described as the Game theory inspired by Thomas Schelling where Benefits of Defection outweigh Benefits of cooperation (Eg) USA under Donald



Trump calling Climate Change a 'Hoax').

Similarly, 'Carbon Imperialism' by West has brought in a condition of Climate Justice where countries of Global South (led by India) are demanding \$1 trillion for carbon sequestration.

Additionally, An African nation held that 'Solar and Wind Energy for POVERTY on Africa' which shows the concept of common but differentiated responsibility.

The rising floods in India
(Eg) Kuala landslide, Africa, and



FIPIT countries pose a threat to the country's Sovereignty and Stability

Thus, until stronger and binding commitments are made Schumpeter's idea of 'Small is beautiful' would not be realised (eg) NO timeline (binding) on transition to Clean Energy in COP 28 9 2023.

Thus what is needed is a Sociological liberalisation approach of Karl Deutsch (communication theory) with the idea of 'Rakrati Rakshati Rakshitah' (Nature protects if it is protected) with mitigation measures like ISA, CDRI, Mission Life and North-South Cooperation.



Q.8(b)

Give an account for the relationship between regionalism and globalization. (15 Marks)

Parag Mehta in the article 'Regionalism and the Butterfly Effect' applied the 'Chaos theory' and called Regionalisation as the New Globalisation. The same article also talked about Regionalisation leading to Gated Globalization and G-zero world which is less open, less free.

Thus, Regionalisation for Developments have been the Golden Mean between Ultra nationalism and Globalisation.

While critics argue that Regionalisation is leading to Protectionism.



(Eg) USA's ban of Chinese semi conductor companies and forming Chip 4 Alliance.

However, Regionalisation offers a scope for Diversification (Eg) 'China+1' Supply Chain Resilience (India, Japan, Australia), as seen the dangers of relying on Pan Sinica ~~on~~ during covid times (Supply chain disruption) leading to weaponisation of supply chain.

While on the other hand it also leads to Friendshoring (Eg) Indo Pacific Economic Framework of USA, which Dr. S. Jaishankar is book 'Why Bharat Matters' terms



as depending on Trusted Partners
and Trusted Territories o

Additionally the Global Village
concept (defined by Marshall McLuhan)
has been countered as turning into
GLOBAL PILLAGE which is the words
of Noam Chomsky is leading to
Benefits over People

Here, Shyam Suman says
that we are entering into Poorer,
Meaner and Smaller world, what
is in need of 'Issue Based Partnerships'
(Dr S. Jaisankar) (Eg) SUAD, which
can not only act as Counter Coalitions
to tame a rising power (Bismark idea)
but can also free us from Ogman's past



Que.8(c)

Explain the meaning and role of pressure groups in democratic politics. ~~how the Buddhist statecraft is an expression of the Comprehensive doctrine given by Buddhism.~~ (15 Marks)

(Misprint) - Not there in actual question paper
(lot of misprints in this SCAB)

Described by S. E. Finer as

Invisible Empires², Pressure Groups perform the Role of Interest Articulation as per the Structural Functional² approach of Behaviouralism given by Gabriel Almond and Powell.

Pressure Groups thus are agents of Political Modernisation and Development which are Reservoirs of Leadership and are the outward manifestations of Pluralist model of Democracy as opposed to Political Parties which are the 'Elitist model'



concept o

thus Lean Blondil classifies
them according to their roles of
formation as being Associational,
Institutional (civil servants),
Anomic (eg Narmada Bachao Andolan),
Non Associational, Business groups

(eg) FIET, ASSOCIAM o

At the International level, there
has been renewed vigour in these
roles because of 'Democratic -
Awakening' (eg) #Congo is bleeding
movement because of our extraction
of Cobalt and Coltan from Congo o

Similarly, rising voice
against '#EndBadGovernance' is



Nigeria recently and #LutoMustGo in Kenya which are Pressure Groups rising against authoritarian regimes in Africa.

Another role being in environmental awakening (eg) #Fridays for future against racism (eg) #BlackLivesMatter show that Pressure Groups form the role of holding Governments Accountable.

For that reason, Rajni Kothari even calls them Non Political Groups because they don't form the government, this is only what separates them from Political Parties, other things being similar. Thus, they have ~~deepen~~ performed role of liberalisation and Opening of Democracy.